

**NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL
DIVISION BENCH, COURT – II
CHENNAI**

**ATTENDANCE CUM ORDER SHEET OF THE HEARING OF NATIONAL
COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL, CHENNAI BENCH, HELD ON 10-05-2024 AT
10.30 A.M. THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING:**

**PRESENT : SHRI. JYOTI KUMAR TRIPATHI, HON'BLE MEMBER (JUDICIAL)
SHRI. RAVICHANDRAN RAMASAMY, HON'BLE MEMBER (TECHNICAL)**

APPLICATION NUMBER : --

PETITION NUMBER : CP(IB)/118(CHE)/2021

NAME OF THE PETITIONER : State Bank Of India

NAME OF THE RESPONDENT(S) : Selvaraj Mosses

UNDER SECTION : Sec 95(1) of IBC, 2016

ORDER

Ld. Counsel Mr.B.Raghavulu Naidu appears for the Petitioner.

The Applicant, State Bank of India through its Stressed Assets Management Branch, Egmore, Chennai - 600 008 has filed this application under Section 95(1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("IBC") for initiating Insolvency Resolution Process against the Personal Guarantor/Respondent "*Mr.Selvaraj Mosses*" of **M/s. St. John Freight Systems Limited**, the Corporate Debtor.

2. As per the averments made in the application, **M/s. St. John Freight Systems Limited** had taken credit facilities from the Applicant. The Respondent herein had given personal guarantee to the said loan. The Corporate Debtor failed to repay the debt which made the Applicant to initiate Personal Insolvency Process against the Personal Guarantor.

3. In Part-III of the application, the Applicant has given the particulars of debt as Rs.50,88,04,221/- (Rupees Fifty Crores Eighty Eight Lakhs Four Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty One only), amount of default as Rs.50,88,04,221/- (Rupees Fifty Crores Eighty Eight Lakhs Four Thousand Two Hundred and Twenty One only) and date of default as 28.02.2019. In the case of the Corporate Debtor, **St. John Freight Systems Limited**, CIRP has

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been initiated before the NCLT, Chennai vide order dated 10.12.2018 in CP/759/IB/2018. Subsequently, Liquidation was initiated vide order dated 26.11.2019 in MA/989/2019 in CP/759/IB/2018.

4. The Applicant has placed the following documents on record for perusal:-
 - I. Agreement of Loan for over all limit executed by the Corporate Debtor in favour of the Applicant Bank dated 05.07.2012 as **Annexure-1(1) at Page 18.**
 - II. Agreement of Hypothecation Goods and Assets executed by the Corporate Debtor in favour of the Applicant Bank dated 05.07.2012 as **Annexure-1(2) at Page 77.**
 - III. Supplementary deed of Guarantee Agreement dated 11.06.2013 executed by the Guarantors Johnson and Anny Johnson in favour of the Applicant Bank as **Annexure-1(6) at Page 116.**
 - IV. Demand Notice under Section 13(2) of the SARFAESI act, 2001 dated as Annexure – I (9) at Page 125.

The Applicant has also filed the Statement of Accounts as **Annexure – I (24) at Page 234 - 259** including the Form B sent by the Applicant to the Respondent.

5. The Demand Notice issued under Rule 7(1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Application to Adjudicating Authority for Insolvency Resolution Process for Personal Guarantors to Corporate Debtor) Rules, 2019 to the Personal Guarantor dated 29.09.2020 is placed as **Annexure – I (19) at Page 204** and the reply of the respondent as **Annexure – I (20) at Page 209.**

6. We have heard Learned Counsel for the Applicant.

7. Section 95 of IBC provides that a creditor may apply either by himself, or jointly with other creditors, or through a Resolution Professional to the Adjudicating Authority for initiating an Insolvency Resolution Process under the Section by submitting an application. The application shall be accompanied with details and documents relating to the debts or by the debtor to the creditor as on the date of application, failure by the debtor to pay the debt within a

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period of 14 days of the service of the Notice of Demand and the relevant evidence of such default or non-payment of debt. It also provides that “the creditor shall provide a copy of the application to the debtor and the application shall be in such form and manner.

8. Hon’ble Supreme Court in the matter of **Dilip B Jiwrajka –Vs- Union of India &Ors** in *Writ Petition (Civil) No 1281 of 2021* while dealing with the jurisdiction of NCLT in relation to adjudication of cases filed under Section 94 and 95 of IBC, 2016 has summarized in para-86 as follows;

86. We summarise the conclusion of this judgment below:

- (i) No judicial adjudication is involved at the stages envisaged in Sections 95 to Section 99 of the IBC;*
- (ii) The resolution professional appointed under Section 97 serves a facilitative role of collating all the facts relevant to the examination of the application for the commencement of the insolvency resolution process which has been preferred under Section 94 or Section 95. The report to be submitted to the adjudicatory authority is recommendatory in nature on whether to accept or reject the application;*
- (iii) The submission that a hearing should be conducted by the adjudicatory authority for the purpose of determining ‘jurisdictional facts’ at the stage when it appoints a resolution professional under Section 97(5) of the IBC is rejected. No such adjudicatory function is contemplated at that stage. To read in such a requirement at that stage would be to rewrite the statute which is impermissible in the exercise of judicial review;*
- (iv) The resolution professional may exercise the powers vested under Section 99(4) of the IBC for the purpose of examining the application for insolvency resolution and to seek information on matters relevant to the application in order to facilitate the submission of the report recommending the acceptance or rejection of the application;*

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- (v) *There is no violation of natural justice under Section 95 to Section 100 of the IBC as the debtor is not deprived of an opportunity to participate in the process of the examination of the application by the resolution professional;*
- (vi) *No judicial determination takes place until the adjudicating authority decides under Section 100 whether to accept or reject the application. The report of the resolution professional is only recommendatory in nature and hence does not bind the adjudicatory authority when it exercises its jurisdiction under Section 100;*
- (vii) *The adjudicatory authority must observe the principles of natural justice when it exercises jurisdiction under Section 100 for the purpose of determining whether to accept or reject the application;*
- (viii) *The purpose of the interim-moratorium under Section 96 is to protect the debtor from further legal proceedings; and*
- (ix) *The provisions of Section 95 to Section 100 of the IBC are not unconstitutional as they do not violate Article 14 and Article 21 of the Constitution.*

9. Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that no judicial adjudication is involved at the stages envisaged in Sections 95 to Section 99 of the IBC and also there is no violation of natural justice under Section 95 to Section 100 of the IBC as the debtor is not deprived of an opportunity to participate in the process of the examination of the application by the resolution professional. The Respondent / Personal Guarantor will be given an opportunity to file a reply once the RP has filed his Report under Section 99 of IBC, 2016.

10. Considering the above facts and the case supra, we appoint the Resolution Professional who will collate all the facts relevant to the examination of the application for the commencement of the Insolvency Resolution Process in respect of the Personal Guarantor.

11. In the instant case, the Applicant has proposed the name of the Resolution Professional "**Mr. Ashok Velamur Seshadri**". We therefore, upon verification

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of disciplinary status with the IBBI portal, found no disciplinary actions against the said RP, and thus we appoint "**Mr. Ashok Velamur Seshadri**" (*e-mail:*ashokseshadrig@gmail.com)having Registration No. **IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P00937/2017-2018/11541, and AFA** valid till **17.11.2024** as Resolution Professional in respect of the Personal Guarantor/Respondent.

12. The Resolution Professional is directed to examine the application as set out in Section 97(6) of IBC, 2016 who after examining, may recommend for the acceptance / rejection of the application as provided under Section 97(6) of IBC, 2016, **within a period of 10 days** as contemplated under Section 99(1) of IBC, 2016.

13. The Applicant is directed to serve copy of the application and the order on the Resolution Professional.

14. List this application for report / hearing on **27.06.2024**.

-Sd-

RAVICHANDRAN RAMASAMY
MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

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JYOTI KUMAR TRIPATHI
MEMBER (JUDICIAL)